

Component 3-Terminology in Healthcare and Public Health Settings

Unit 9-Nervous System

This material was developed by The University of Alabama at Birmingham, funded by the Department of Health and Human Services Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology under Award Number 1U24OC

Nervous System Objectives

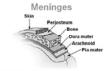
- Define, understand and correctly pronounce medical terms related to nervous system
- Describe in relation to the nervous system
 - common diseases and conditions
 - laboratory and diagnostic procedures
 - medical and surgical procedures
 - medications

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Nervous System Anatomy

- Central Nervous System
 - Brain encased in the skull
 - Protective coverings with three meninges
 - Pia mater
 - Arachnoid
 - Dura mater
 - Spinal Cord encased in the vertebral canal



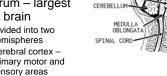
Dura mater — outer layer lining skull Arachnoid (mater) — contains blood vesse Subarachnoid space — filled with CSF Pia mater — covers brain

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Nervous System Anatomy

- · Cerebrospinal fluid
 - subarachnoid space
 - spinal cord
 - ventricles
- Cerebrum largest part of brain
 - Divided into two hemispheres
 - Cerebral cortex primary motor and sensory areas



CEREBRUM PONS VAROLII

Nervous System Anatomy

CEREBRUM

PONS VAROLII CEREBELLUM

- Hypothalamus
 - Regulation of appetite, heart rate, body temperature, water balance, digestion and sexual activity



- · Second largest part of brain
- · Controls unconscious actions



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Cranial Nerves

- 12 pairs of cranial nerves

 - ITELY VES

 I Offactory
 II Optic

 III Oculomotor

 IV Trochlear

 V Trigeminal

 VI Abducens

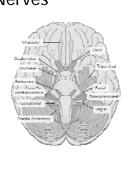
 VII Facial

 VIII Auditory

 IX Glescaphan

 - IX Glossopharygeal
 X Vagus
 XI Spinal Accessory
 XII Hypoglossal
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Cranial Nerve Functions

Cranial Nerves	Major Function
Olfactory	Smell
Optic	Vision
Oculomotor	Eyelid and eyeball movement
Trochlear	Innervates superior oblique eye muscle
Trigeminal	Chewing, face & mouth
Abducens	Turns eye laterally
Facial	Controls facial expressions
Auditory	Hearing; equilibrium
Glossopharygeal	Taste; senses carotid blood pressure
Vagus	Senses aortic blood pressure; slows
	heart rate
Spinal Accessory	Controls neck & shoulder muscles
Hypoglossal	Controls tongue movements

Spinal Nerves

- 31 pairs
- Numbered according to the vertebra at which they exit the spinal column
 - Spinal nerve T4, exits the spinal column through the foramen in the 4th thoracic vertebrae



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Brain Disorders and Diseases

- · Alzheimer's Disease

 - Symptoms
 Dementia
 Progressive
 - Treatment
 - Medications

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Brain Disorders and Diseases · Alzheimer's Disease - Symptoms Treatment • Brain Aneurysm Symptoms Depend on location Treatment · Depends on locationsize presence of infection whether ruptured Component 3/Unit 9 Brain Disorders and Diseases · Alzheimer's Disease Symptoms Treatment • Brain Aneurysm Symptoms - Treatment • Brain Cancer - Primary vs Metastatic - Symptoms Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 Component 3/Unit 9 **Brain Disorders and Diseases** • Epilepsy - Description Recurring seizures Causes Brain injury Abnormal brain development Unknown Diagnostic Tests Brain scans Treatment Medicines Surgery Implanted nerve stimulators

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Brain Disorders and Diseases Epilepsy Description Causes Diagnostic tests Treatments Parkinson's Disease Affects nerve cells that control muscle movement - Causes · Failure of dopamine neurons - Symptoms • Trembling • Stiffness Slowness Poor balance and coordination No cure Medicines can help reduce symptoms Brain Disorders and Diseases Epilepsy Description CausesDiagnostic tests TreatmentsParkinson's Disease - Description Causes SymptomsTreatment • Stroke IschemicHemorrhagic - Transient ischemic attacks (TIAs) Symptoms Sudden headache, weakness, numbness Trouble speaking, balancing, walking - Treatments • Medicines Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 Component 3/Unit 9 Spinal Cord Disorders and Diseases · Arteriovenous Malformations Description Snarled tangle of arteries and veins Treatment SurgeryRadiation Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 Component 3/Unit 9

Spinal Cord Disorders and Diseases · Arteriovenous Malformations (AVM) Description Treatment Meningitis Inflammation of meninges Viral Bacterial - Symptoms Sudden fever Severe headache Stiff neck Treatment Medications Vaccination for prevention Spinal Cord Disorders and Diseases · Arteriovenous Malformations Definition Treatment • Meningitis Description Symptoms Treatment • Multiple Sclerosis (MS) Damage to myelin sheath Visual disturbances - Sensory, Muscle and Balance problems - Thinking and memory problems - Medicines, physical and occupational therapy Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 Nerve Disorders and Diseases · Bell's Palsy - Temporary paralysis of face muscles - May be due to a viral infection - Most people recover in 3-6 months

Nerve Disorders and Diseases • Bell's Palsy Carpal Tunnel Syndrome (Median nerve entrapment) - Nerve compression at the base of the hand - Symptoms • Inability to grasp • Pain Treatment Splints Anti-inflammatory medicines • Surgery Nerve Disorders and Diseases • Bell's Palsy Carpal Tunnel Syndrome (Median nerve entrapment) **Peripheral Nerve Disorders** - Also called neuritis or peripheral neuropathy - Symptoms Numbness or tingling Pain or burning Muscle weakness Sensitivity to touch - Treatment Treat underlying problem Treat underlying problem Reduce pain and control symptoms Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 Component 3/Unit 9 Neurofibromatosis • Recklinghausen's (or von Recklinghausen's) Disease · Genetic disorder of the nervous system Type 1 - Skin changes and deformed bones - Usually present at birth Type 2 Hearing loss, ringing in ears, poor balance Usually starts in teens • Type 3 (Schwannomatosis) Intense pain

- Surgery, radiation, medications

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Treatment

Nervous SystemCombining Forms Word Part **Key Terms** Meaning • cerebell/o cerebellum cerebellar • cerebr/o cerebrum cerebral crani/o cranium cranioclasis • mening/o meninges meningioma myelitis • myel/o marrow • plegia paralysis quadriplegia thalam/o thalamus thalamotomy Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 Unit 9 Tell me, Detective The patient presents urgently to the Emergency Department with complaints of double vision, pain behind the eye, and numbness on the side of the face. The physician notes a dilated pupil and a droopy eyelid. Based on the symptoms, what is a likely diagnosis to investigate? Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 2.0/Spring 2011 For additional information on content covered in this unit, please visit: http://www.nlm.nih.gov/medlineplus/brainan dnerves. html>