Working in Teams, Unit 12



Life Cycle of HIT Teams: Reforming and Repositioning Techniques

Component 17/Unit 12

Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 1.0/Fall 2010

Objectives:

At the end of this unit, the participant will be able to:

- Classify the formative stage of a team.
- Apply strategies to move a team into the next formative stage.
- Reposition a team for a new challenge.

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Team Life Cycle

	Forming	Storming	Norming	Performing
Team Leader's Style	More directive approach, outlining how the process will develop and laying down a clear structure.	Leader needs to be supportive, actively listening to team members, and managin g the conflict, generating ideas, and explaining decisions.	Leader acts as a team member, as leadership is strarting to be shared. Leader helps to develop consensus.	Leader takes overview, but within the day to day running, the group is sharing leadership between members.

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Team Life Cycle Performing Reaction to Team Leader is General Personal members take under support for relationships members take a tentative, wait and see approach. Leader will be allowed to lead, but that doesn't pressure from more vocal team members. have developed which the leadership within the team. Mutual underpin the leadership relationship. respect underpins this. guarantee support. Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 1.0/Fall 2010 Component 17/Unit 12

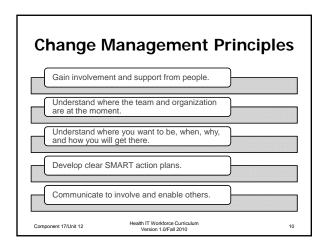
Team P		Storming	Norming	Performing
Process di le process co	Process is Iriven by the leader. Some leader. Some leader	Process likely to break down until conflict is resolved.	The core process should operate smoothly, although there is a danger of focusing on smaller process issues rather than core team work.	Process functions well, and is adjusted as necessary. Leadership is shared and tasks delegated.

Trust within the team are not clear about their contribution. "Cetting to know you" phase. Trust may start to be built. Trust within the team are not clear about their contribution. "Cetting to know you" phase. Trust may start to be built. Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 1.0 Fall 2010

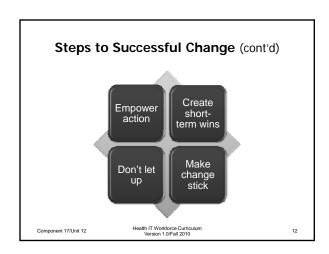
Team Life Cycle Nominated Decisions are Group is able Decision How Decisions hard to make. making is Members are are made expected to common easier - some decisions are unwilling to decisions. give way. Compro mise is a frequent decisions. Win-win is delegated to Some more more likely sub-groups or individuals. vocal than members may dominate Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 1.0/Fall 2010 Component 17/Unit 12 **Activity I** Assign participants into partner teams (two individuals) and ask that they share a separate team experience they each have had that grew through the life cycle stages. Have the partner identify each of the stages as the other partner relates the "story" of the team experience. Compare and contrast the two team experiences across the four life cycle stages. List elements of similarity and difference between the two team experiences. Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 1.0/Fall 2010 Component 17/Unit 12 **Strategies for Team Movement** Change Management Principles Eight Steps to Successful Change Use Dynamic Processes

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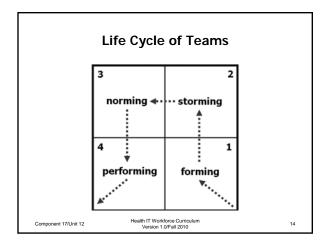
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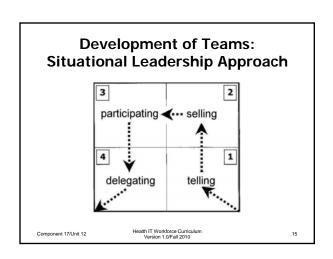


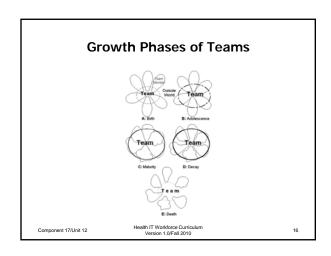


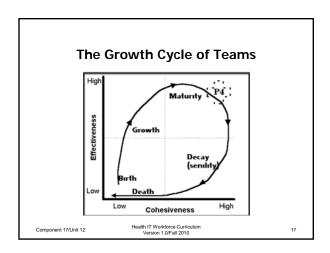


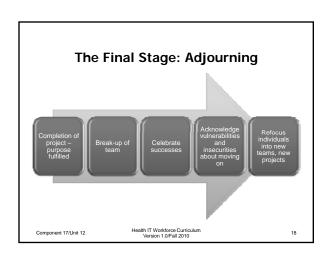
Use Dynamic Processes Have a sound strategic vision with adaptable processes. Establish forums for immediate review and feedback. Keep decisions at lowest level possible. Stay clear of ultra-cautious, bureaucratic interference. Make use of cross teams (virtual/matrix).











The Final Stage: Adjourning	
When a team is formed it focuses on the future; once it succeeds it focuses on the past.	
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The Final Stage: Adjourning	
Success breeds failure!	
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The Final Stage: Adjourning	
Failure can breed success!	
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Activity II

Consider the elements of movement through the team life cycle that have been provided in this unit. What elements have your personally experienced in your work with teams? What elements have you not experienced?

Which of the techniques provided are best used to help a team progress through each of the phases of development? Select 1-3 of the suggested approaches as the key elements that would lead a team to successfully navigate into the next phase of its development.

Finally, how might you "reposition" an existing team for a new challenge?

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Summary

Now that you have discussed the various elements of this unit and have completed the activities, you should be able to:

- Classify the formative stage of a team.
- Apply strategies to move a team into the next formative stage.
- Reposition a team for a new challenge.

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