Safe Workflow Design Unit 7.1: Workflow Assessment Objectives At the end of this segment, the student will be able to: • Assess decision-making requirements in health or health care Health IT Workforce Curriculum Version 1.0/Fall 2010 Component 12/Unit #7 Clinical Decision-Making • Systematic way to handle data and clinical algorithms to decide on a best course of action • Algorithm = a step-by-step procedure for solving a problem.

Component 12/Unit #7

Clinical Decision Making: Uncertainty Technical Personal Conceptual What What are How do I should I apply abstract the do? patients' wishes? concepts concrete situations? Health IT Workforce Curriculum Versio 1.0/Fall 2010 Component 12/Unit #7

Clinical Decision Making: Uncertainty

Direct

- Knowing what we know
- Knowing what is being researched
- Knowing what works

Indirect

- Establishing a communication infrastructure
- Establishing evaluation of processes and outcomes of care

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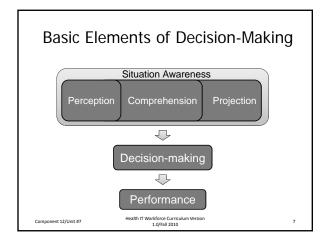
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Clinical Decision-Making: **Expert Decision-Making Systems**

- Improve task Depend on: performance and reduce errors within the clinical workspace
 - - Analysis of clinical requirements and cognitive processes within the workflow
 - Provide optimal situation awareness through information visualization

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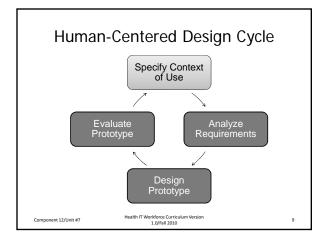


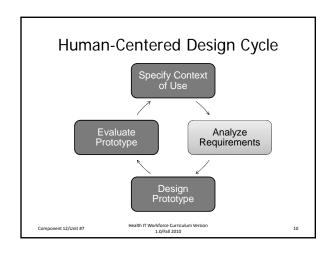
Information Visualization

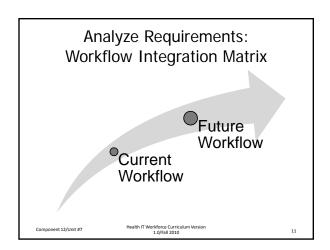
- Real-time information needed for clinical task performance and decision-making
- Should support 2 levels of complexity
 - Routine tasks
 - Complex (uncertain)tasks
- Comprehensive, integrated across phases of care
- Provide visual cues to avoid ambiguity

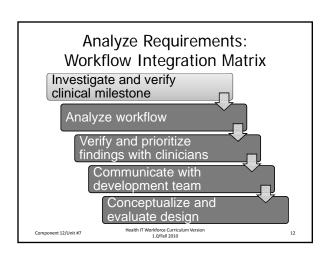
Component 12/Unit #7

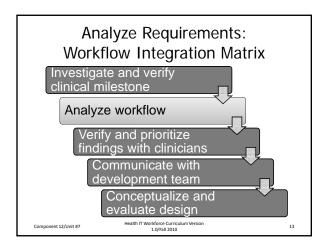
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Workflow Analysis Methods

Qualitative

• Ethnographic observation

- Shadowing of individual clinicians
- Surveys and questionnaires

Human-intensive; produce low-volume, high-quality data

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Quantitative

- Sensor technologies such as passive infrared sensors, radio identification tags and pressure sensors.
- · Video recordings

Allow time stamping; produce high volume abstract data

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Cognitive Decision-Making

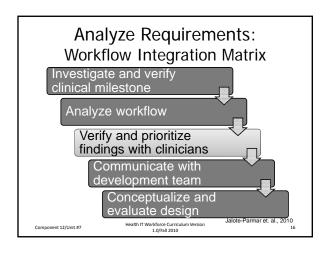
Interaction & Movement

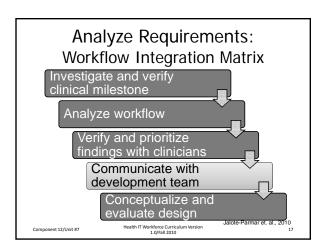
Communication

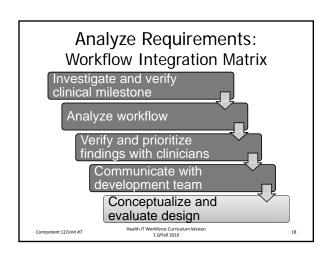
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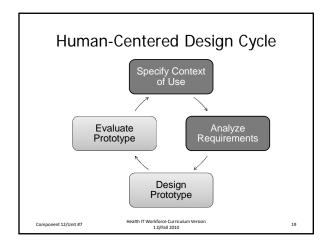
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Cognitive Task Analysis

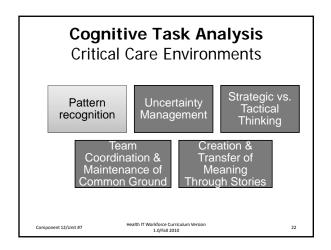
- Family of methods for understanding the cognitive processes that underlie task performance and the cognitive skills needed to respond adeptly to complex situations.
- Used to understand decision-making and communication processes
- · Has implications for workflow design

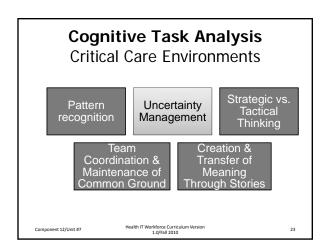
Component 12/Unit #7

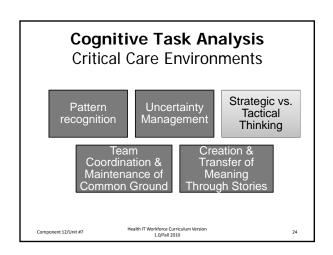
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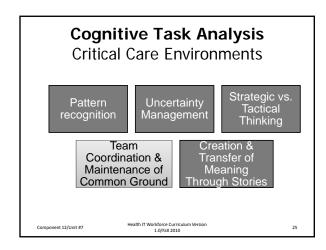
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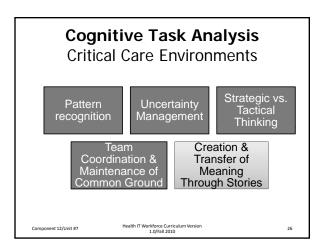
Cognitive Task Analysis Critical Care Environments Pattern recognition Uncertainty Management Strategic vs. Tactical Thinking Team Coordination & Transfer of Meaning Through Stories Fackler et. al., 2009 Component 12/Unit #7 Health IT Worldorce Curriculum Version 1.0/Fall 2010 21











Summary

- Clinical decision making is a systematic way of handling data and algorithms to decide on the best course of action
- Uncertainty (technical, personal, and conceptual) shapes clinical decisions
- · Workflow integration matrices are useful
- · Cognitive task analysis uncovers decisionmaking and communication processes and has implications for workflow analysis

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